

Registration Code \_\_\_\_\_

**Resolution #**  
**Of the Government of Georgia**  
-----2015 **Tbilisi**

**On Approval of the Boundaries of Basin Territorial Entities of River Basin Management**

**Article 1**

In accordance with sub-paragraph “1. f” of the Article 43 of the Chapter 13 of the Section 3 of the Law of Georgia on Water Resources Management, this Resolution establishes the territorial entities of river basin management and approves their boundaries.

**Article 2 Definition of Terms**

- a. River Basin - means the area of land from which all surface run-off flows through a hydrologically interconnected sequence of streams, rivers and, possibly, lakes into the sea at a single river mouth, estuary or delta;
- b. River Basin District - means the area of land and sea, made up of one or more neighbouring river basins together with their associated ground waters and coastal waters, which is the main unit for management of river basins.

**Article 3**

For the purpose of management of river basins, the following territorial entities shall be established on the territory of Georgia:

**1. Alazani- Iori Basin District:**

1.1 The area of Alazani- Iori Basin District is 12080km<sup>2</sup>. The west border of the basin begins on the north branch of the Caucasian ridge, mountain Tebulo, existing on Atsunta ridge, follows Atsunta ridge in the south, obtains south-west direction at Borbalo Mountain of the Caucasian ridge and from the mountain Tchicho follows first Kartli ridge, then Sabaduri ridge, crosses Saguramo- Ialno ridge and joins the mountain Udabno on Iori Plateau. Along the west border of the basin, there are the following highest peaks of the mountain system: Tebulomountain (4493 m), Amugo (3840 m), DidiBorbalo (3294 m), Tchicho (3076 m), Natakhtari (966 m) and Udabno (879 m). The north border coincides with the state border of Georgia, in particular the Caucasian ridge and its north- east branch – Pirikita ridge. The border begins at Tebulomountain and goes up to Tivonroso. The east border goes down from Tivonrosomountain towards the south and follows the river Alazani up to Mingechauri water basin. Along the east border of the basin there are the following highest peaks of the mountain system: Tebulo mountain (4493 m), Komito(4261 m), Dani mountain (4174 m), Diklo mountain (4285 m), ShaviKlde(3578 m), Ninikastsikhe(3117 m) and Tivonroso(3374 m).The south border follows first the river Iori, then river Mtkvari and Iori watershed and joins Udabno mountain. In this section there are MtskemsisMta (890 m) and Udabno (879 m).

1.2 The main rivers of the Alazani- Iori Basin District are: Alazani, Iori, Ilto, Stori, Chelti, Lopota, Duruji, Turdo, Khodashniskhevi, Kabali, Adedi, Vashliani, Gombori, Ole.

1.3 The above described boundaries of Alazani- Iori Basin District includes the municipalities of Kakheti region: Telavi, Akhmeta, Gurjaani, Dedoplistskaro, Lagodekhi, Sagarejo, Signagi, Kvareli and Tianeti municipality of Mtskheta- Mtianeti region.

**2. Mtkvari Basin District:**

2.1 The area of Mtkvari Basin District is 19740km<sup>2</sup>. The west border of the basin goes through Likhi ridge, then follows Adjara- Imereti (meskheta) ridge to the north-east of the basin and at Zoti mountain comes down to south, follows Arsiani ridge and joins the state border of Georgia. The highest peaks of the mentioned mountain system are: Zekara mountain (3828 m), Ribisa(2470 m), Mepistskaro(2850 m), Zoti mountain (2676 m) and Chanchakhi(2506 m). The south border of the basin follows the state border of Georgia, in particular, goes along the east branch of Arsiani ridge, crosses the gorge of Potskhovi river, goes to Erusheti plateau, crosses the gorge of the river Mtkvari and Kartsakhi lake, follows Nialiskuri ridge, from Agchagali mountain (2857 m) of Javakheti ridge goes to Javakheti ridge, in 3 km from Paravani lake from Dalidagi mountain (2661 m) turns to the west and from Karataashi mountain (2857 m) first goes up to Samsari mountain (3284 m) and follows Samsari ridge to the north, up to Tavkvetili mountain (2582 m), then sharply turns to the west, goes along the area north of Tabatskuri Lake and from Msralimta mointain (2481 m) goes up ShaviKlde mountain (2850 m). From ShaviKlde mountain (2850 m) it follows Trialeti ridge to the east and in 6 km east from Iuriskedi mountain (2203 m) comes down in south- east direction towards Bedeni ridge; from Yaila mountain (1951 m) follows Bedeni ridge to the east and from Bedeni mountain (1875 m) goes down in south – east direction to the town Tetrtskaro, then follows river Algeti and river Ktsia- Khrami watershed and joins the riverbed of Mtkvari river near the village Tsereteli. There are the following highest peaks of the mountain system along the south border of the basin: Kenchaula(2992 m), Shabanibeli (2646 m), Gumbati (2964 m), Gekdagi (2783 m), Sambortsva (3003 m), Achkasari (3196 m), ShaviKlde(2850 m), Arjevani(2757 m), Iuriskedi(2203 m), Yaila (1951 m) and Bedeni (1875 m). The east border of the basin begins at the north branch of the Caucasian ridge, Tebulo mountain existing on Atsunta ridge, follows Atsunta ridge to the south, turns to the south-west near DidiBorbalo mountain of the Caucasian ridge and from Tchicho mountain first follows Kartli ridge, then Sabaduri ridge, crosses Saguramo-Yalno ridge and joins Udabno mountain on Iori plateau. There are the following highest peaks along the east border of the basin: Tebulomountain (4493 m), Amugo (3840 m), DidiBorbalo(3294 m), Tchicho(3076 m) and Natakhtari(966 m). The north border of the basin goes along the Caucasian ridge and, consequently, the state border of Georgia. It begins from Zekaramountain and goes towards the east, to the watershed of Dvaleti and Khorkhi ridges. Crosses Dariali gorge in the north-east, goes along Shani and Kidegani ridges, crosses the gorge of Asa river, crosses first Khevsureti ridge, then river Arghuni gorge and connects to Tebulo mountain through Metso ridge. There are the following highest peaks of the mountain system along the north border of the basin: Jimara (4780 m), Mkinvartsveri(5033 m), Shani mountain Mta(4462 m), Martini mountain (3898 m), Makhismagali(3990 m), Mutsdostavi(3512 m) and Tebulo mountain (4493 m).

2.2 The main rivers of the Mtkvari Basin District are: Mtkvari, Paravani, Potskhovi, Kvabliani, Borjomula, DidiLiakhvi, PataraLiakhvi, Mejuda, Lekhura, East Prone, Kavtura, Ksani, Aragvi, Algeti, Tergi, Baidara, Snostskali, Chkheri and Brolistskali.

2.3 The above described boundaries of the Mtkvari Basin District includes: Tbilisi city; Adigeni, Akhaltsikhe, Aspindze, Akhalkalaki, Ninotsminda and Borjomi municipalities of Samtskhe-Javakheti region; Khashuri, Kareli, Gori, Kaspi municipalities of ShidaKartli region; Gardabani, Tianeti, TetriTskaro municipalities of KvemoKartli region; Mtskheta, Dusheti, Stepantsminda municipalities of Mtskheta-Mtianeti region; the occupied territory of Tskhinvali region is also located on the territorial entity of the basin.

### **3. Khrami- Debeda Basin District:**

3.1 The area of territorial entity of Khrami- Debeda Basin District is 5202km<sup>2</sup>. The west border of the basin begins from the mountain Agchala (3196 m) existing on Javakheti ridge, in 3 km north from Paravani lake it turns from Dalidagi mountain (2661 m) towards the west; from Kharatashi mountain (2857 m) it goes up first Samsari mountain (3284 m) and follows Samsariridge towards the north up to Tavkvetili mountain (2582 m); then it abruptly turns to the

west, goes along the area north to Tabatskuri lake and from MshraliMta mountain goes up Shavklde mountain (2850 m). The highest peaks of the mentioned mountain systems are: Agchala mountain (3196 m), Dalidag (2661 m), Kharatash (2850 m), Samsari (3284 m), Tavkvetili (2582 m), MshraliMta (2481 m) and ShaviKlde (2850 m). The south border of the basin, from Agchalamountain (3196 m) follows the state border of Georgia, in particular, it goes along Loki ridge, goes down to KvenoKartli lowland, goes along the state border, following the riverbed of Debeda river. There are the following highest peaks along the south border: Avakisar(1866 m), Osinovaya(1881 m), Dezakari(1636 m) and Tanadag(800 m). The north border of the basin begins from ShaviKlde mountain (2850 m), follows Trialetirigde to the east and in 6 km east from Yuri ridge (2203 m) is goes down south-east to Bedeni ridge (1875 m), from Yaila mountain (1951 m) it follows Bedeni ridge to the east and from Bedeni mountain (1875 m) goes down south-east to the town TetriTskaro, then follows Algeti river and Ktsia-Khrami river watershed and joins the riverbed of Mtkvari river near the village Tsereteli. There are the following highest peaks of the mountain system along the north border of the basin: ShaviKlde(2850 m), Arjevani(2757 m), Yuri ridge (2203 m), Yaila(1951 m) and Bedeni(1875 m). Section of the east border goes along the riverbed of Mtkvari river, from Tsiteli Khidi to the confluence of the river Algeti.

3.2 The main rivers of the Khrami- Debeda Basin District are: Ktsia- Khrami, Korsuchai, Shavtskala, Aslanistskali, Shulaveri, Mashavera, Moshevani, Bolnisi and Debeda.

3.3 The above described boundaries of the Khrami- Debeda Basin District includes Borjomi municipality of Javakheti region and Tsalka, Dmanisi, Bolnisi, Marneuli and TetriTskaro Municipalities of KvemoKartli region.

#### **4. Enguri-Rioni Basin District:**

4.1 The area of the territorial entity of Enguri-Rioni Basin District is 22416km<sup>2</sup>. The west border of the basin goes along Kodori, Bokhunstou and Akiba ridges, follows Okumi and Enguri river watershed, from Gvalialiamountain goes fown to the south and joins the Black Sea at the confluence of the river Gagida. The highest peaks of the mentioned mountain system are Gvandaramountain(3984 m), Maguashirkha(3852 m), Khojali(3909 m), Akiba(2811 m) and Gvalialia (1801 m). The east border of the basin goes along Liki ridge, where the highest peaks are Zekaramountain(3828 m) and Ribisa(2470 m). The south border goes along Adjara- Imereti (Meskheti) ridge and its west branch. The highest peaks in the mentioned mountain system are Mepistskaro(2850 m) and Khnomountain(2598 m). From the north the basin borders the Caucasian ridge, highest peaks of which are Shkhelda mountain (4368 m), Ushba (4700 m), Tikhtengeni (4618 m), Tetnuldi (5058 m), Shkhara (5203 m), Ailama (4547 m), Laboda (4314 m), Chanchakhi (4462 m) and Khalatsa (3938 m). The west border of the basin goes along the Black Sea from Gagida river to Natanebi river and confluence on its tributary, Choloki river.

4.2 The main rivers of Enguri-Rioni Basin District are: Enguri, Mulkhra, Magana, Nenskra, Tkheishi, Jumi, Rioni, Kvirila, Dzirula, Chkherimela, Khanistskali, Tsablaristskali, Gubistskali, Tskhenistskali, Jonoula, Noghela, Tekhuri, Tsivi, Khobi, Chanistskali, Pichori, Supsa, Gubazeuli, Natanebi, Choloki, Bzhuzhi.

4.3 The above-described boundaries of Enguri-Rioni Basin District includes Mestia, Tsalenjikha, Chkhorotsku, Martvili, Zugdidi, Khobi, Senaki, Abasha municipalities of Samegrelo-ZemoSvaneti region, Poti city; Oni, Ambrolauri, Lentekhi, Tsageri municipalities of Racha-Lechkhumi and KvemoSvaneti region, Kutaisi city; Lanchkhuti, Ozurgeti and Chokhatauri municipalities of Guria region; Kobuleti municipality of Adjarian Autonomous Republic.

#### **5. Chorokhi- Kintrishi Basin District:**

5.1 The area of the territorial entity of Chorokhi- Kintrishi Basin District is 2483km<sup>2</sup>. The north border of the basin begins at the north ending of Arsiani ridge, goes towards the west and near

the village Gorgadzeebi turns to the north-west, goes through Kvabliani and Naghvarevi river watershed up to Sakhornia mountain, then turns to the south-west up to Khino mountain, follows Kintrishi and Achistskali river watershed and joins the Black Sea with the riverbed of Achkava river. There are the following highest peaks along the north border of the basin: Chanchakhi (2506 m), Sakhornia(2755 m) and Khino(2598 m). The east border of the basin begins at Chanchakhimountain and goes through Arsiani ridge up to Kenchaula mountain (2992 m). The south border of the basin represents the state border of Georgia. From Kenchaula mountain it goes along the top of Shavsheti ridge, goes down from Muratkhana mountain towards the south-west, crosses Machakhela river gorge and from Bashturki mountain goes towards the west, crosses Chorokhiriver gorge and joins the Black Sea near Sarpi village. There are the following highest peaks along the south border of the basin: Kenchaula(2992 m), Rkiniskari(2376 m), Imerkhevismta(2537 m), Korda(2371 m), Muratkhana (1888 m), Bashturki (1712 m) and Boloka(1531 m). The west border of the basin goes along the Black Sea from the confluence of Achkhvariver to Sarpi village.

5.2 The main rivers of Chorokhi- Kintrishi Basin District are: Chorokhi, Adjaristskali, Skhalta, Chirukhistskali, Machakhela, Khorolistskali, Kontrishi, Chakvistskali, Achkhva.

5.3 The above-described boundaries of Chorokhi-Kintrishi Basin District includes Khelvachauri, Kobuleti, Keda, Shuakhevi, Khulo municipalities of Adjarian Autonomous Republic and Batumi city.

## **6. Bzipi- Kodori Basin District**

6.1 The area of territorial entity of Bzipi-Kodori Basin District is 7722km<sup>2</sup>. The west border of the basin goes along Georgian- Russian state border, which follows the riverbed of Psou river, from the confluence of Psou river to Agepsta mountain (3256 m) on the Caucasian ridge. The north border of the basin goes along the Caucasian ridge and, consequently, the state border of Georgia from Agepsta mountain (3256 m) to Gvandra mountain (3984 m). The highest peaks of the Caucasian ridge in this section are: Sopridju(3785 m), Belala- Kaya(3921 m), Pshishi (3006 m), Khakeli(3646 m) and Gvandra(3984 m). The east border of the basin goes along Kodori, Bokhunstou and Akiba ridge. Follows Okumi and Enguri river watershed, from Gvalialiamountain goes down towards the south and joins the Black Sea at the confluence of Gagida river. The highest peaks in the mentioned mountain system are: Gvandra mountain (3984 m), Maguashirkha(3852 m), Khojali(3909 m), Akiba(2811 m) and Gvalialia(1801 m). The south- west border of the basin goes along the Black Sea coast from the confluence of Psou river to the confluence of Enguri river.

6.2 The main rivers of Bzipi-Kodori Basin District are: Psou, Zhove-Kvara, Gagripshi, Dzipi, Gega, Lashipse, Khipsta, Apsta, Gumista, West Gumista, East Gumista, Kelasuri, Kodori, Sakeni, Chkhalta, Tumushi, Dgamishi, Tskhenistskali, Mokva, Ghalidzga, Okumi, DidiEristskali and PataraEristskali.

6.3 The boundaries of the above described Bzipi-Kodori Basin District includes occupied territory of Abkhazian Autonomous Republic.

### **Article 3**

The boundaries of River Basin Districts and their Geographic Coordinates to be approved in accordance with the attached map (Annex№ 1).

### **Article 4**

The Resolution shall come into force immediately upon publication.

Prime Minister

**Irakli Garibashvili**

Approved  
By Resolution # \_\_\_\_\_  
Dated \_\_\_\_\_ 2014  
Of the Government of Georgia

**Annex № 1**

**Borders of River Basin Districts**

